



OpenVSP-to-CHARM Automation

2022 OpenVSP Workshop
NASA LaRC & NIA, Hampton, VA

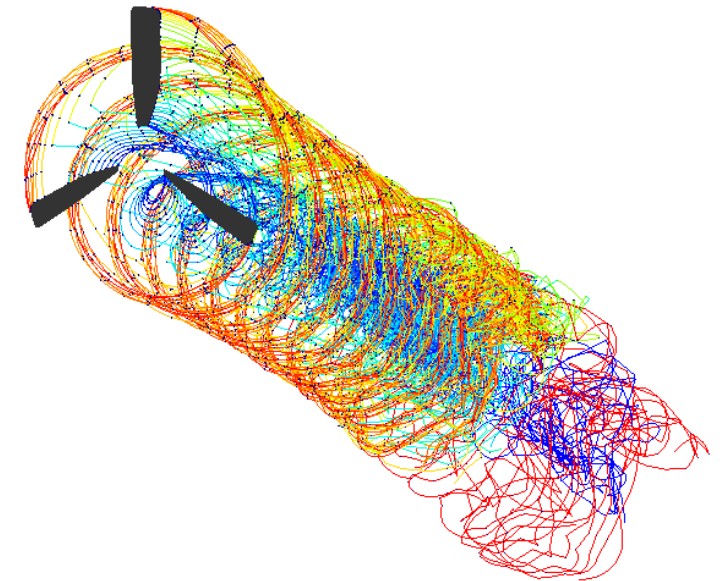
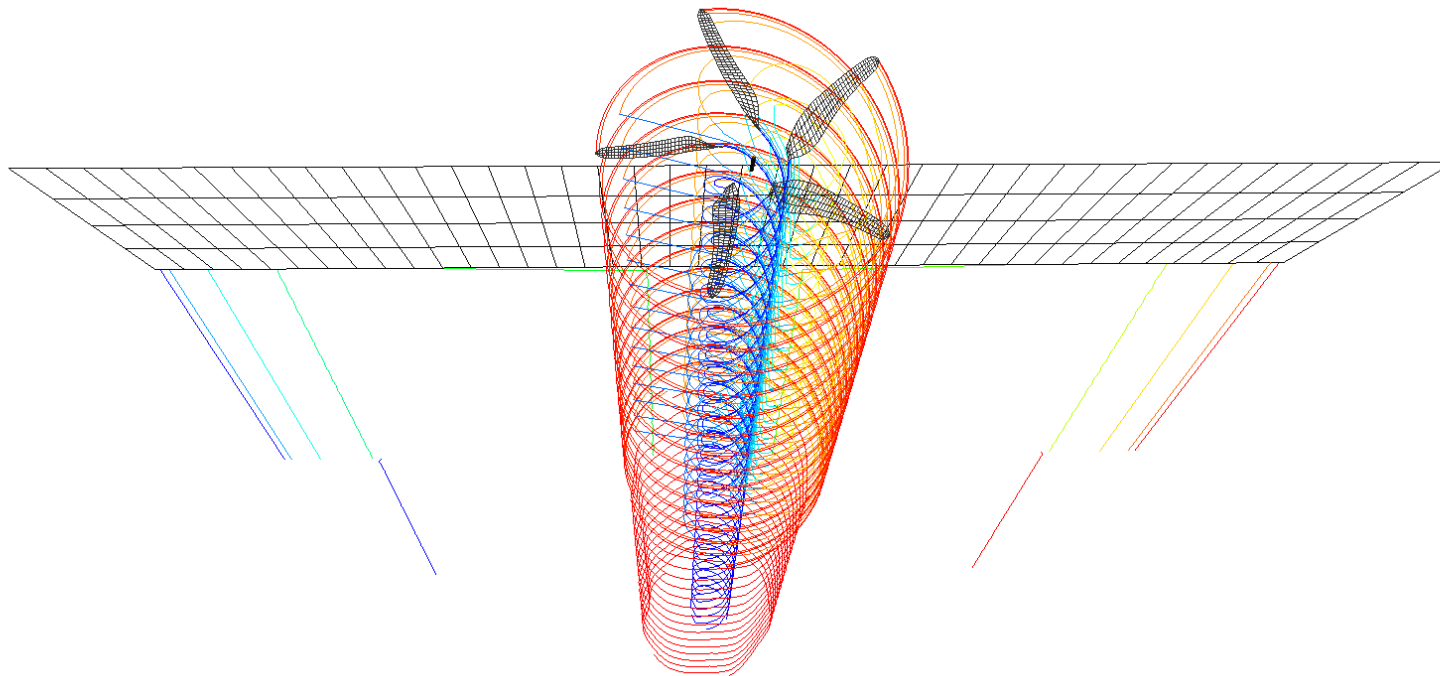
August 9-11, 2022

BRANDON LITHERLAND, AST
NASA LANGLEY RESEARCH CENTER
AERONAUTICS SYSTEMS ANALYSIS BRANCH

Comprehensive Hierarchical Aeromechanics Rotorcraft Model

- Performance, aerostructural loads, trim, wake structure, blade dynamics and deformation, and surface pressure data for forward flight and hover.
- Thickness and loading noise including blade-vortex interaction by interfacing with WOPWOP/PSU-WOPWOP.

Wachspress, et al., "CHARM User's Manual (Version 6.6)," Continuum Dynamics, Inc., Dec. 2020

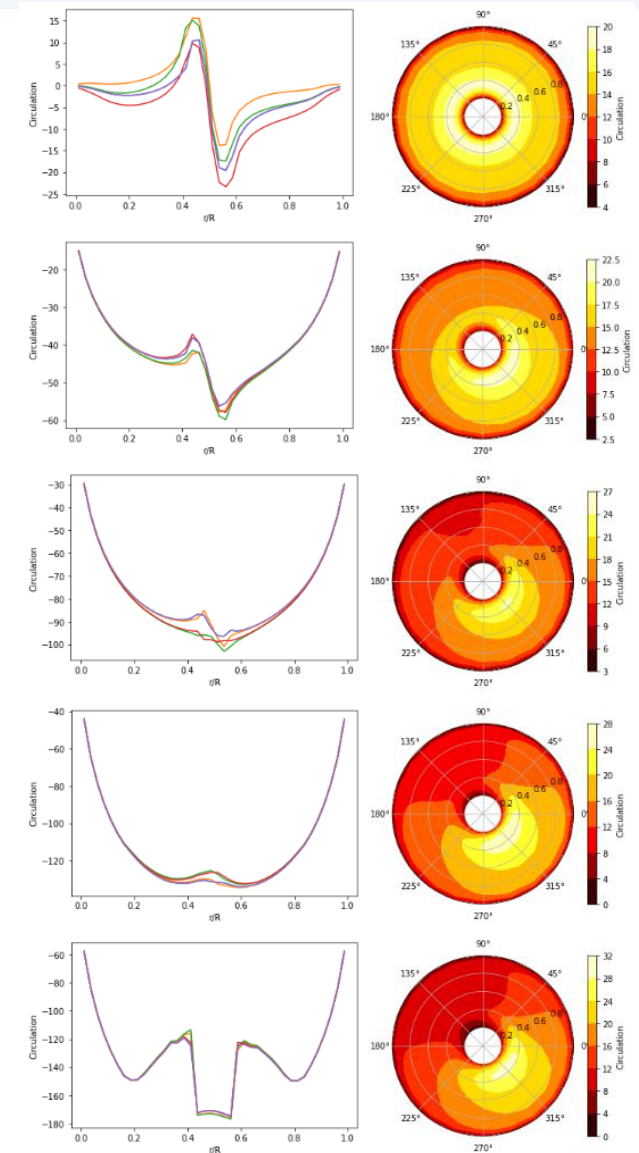
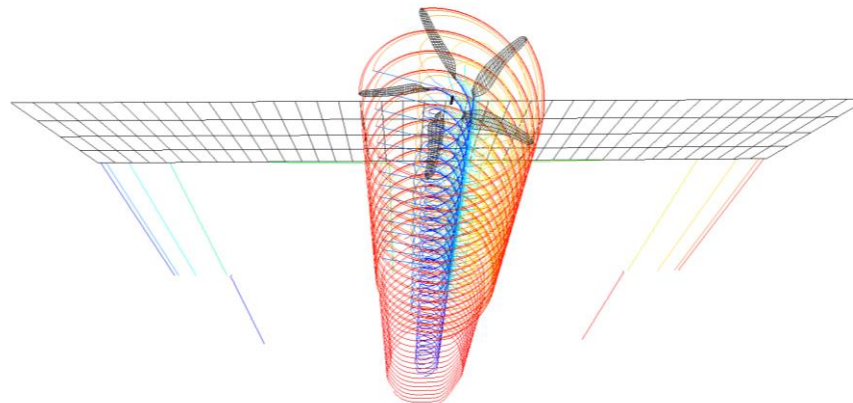
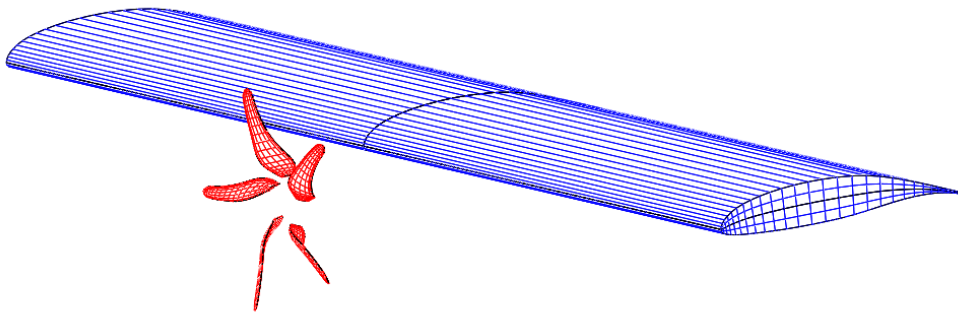


OpenVSP-to-CHARM Automation



Originally created by Alex Gary (Uber) and developed by Jason Welstead (NASA LaRC), the CHARM Automation tool makes it quick and easy to:

1. Generate CHARM input files from OpenVSP geometry.
 - Rotor and Wing Objects built from OpenVSP parameters.
 - OpenVSP model interaction enabled by the OpenVSP Python API.
 - Template files modified to generate Objects and inputs.
 - Mostly working from computer memory rather than multiple file I/O.

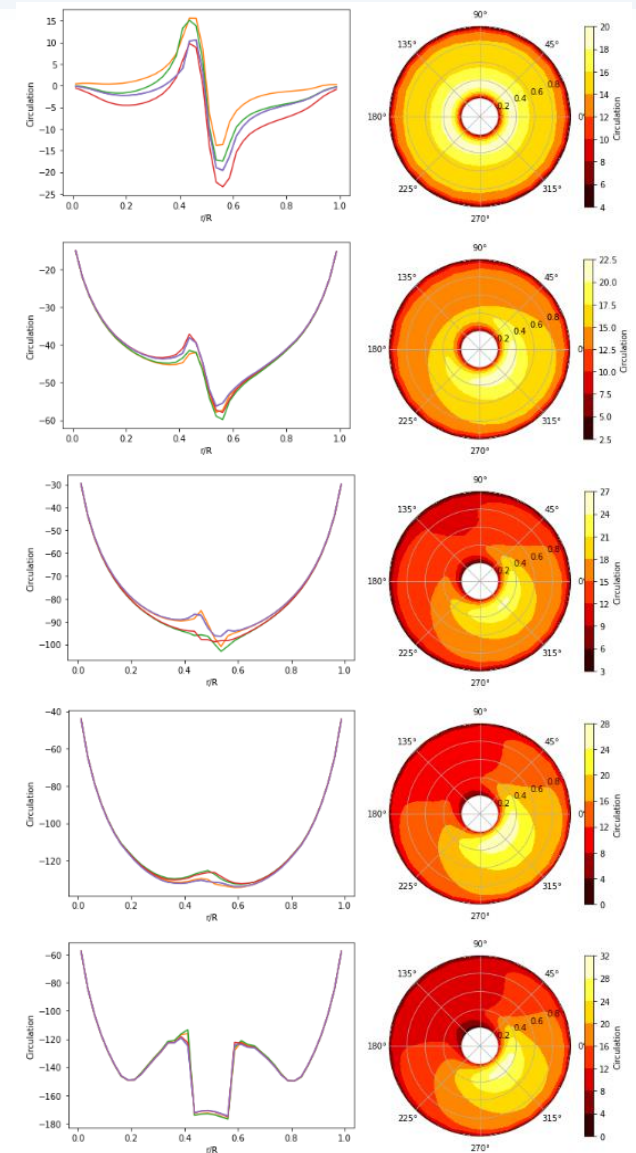
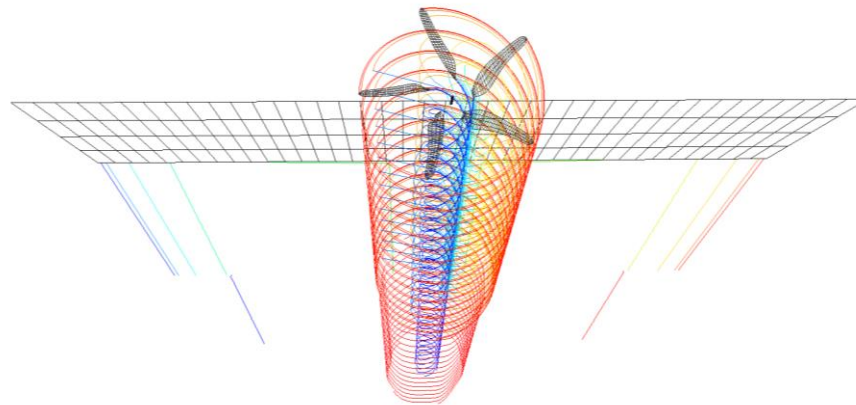
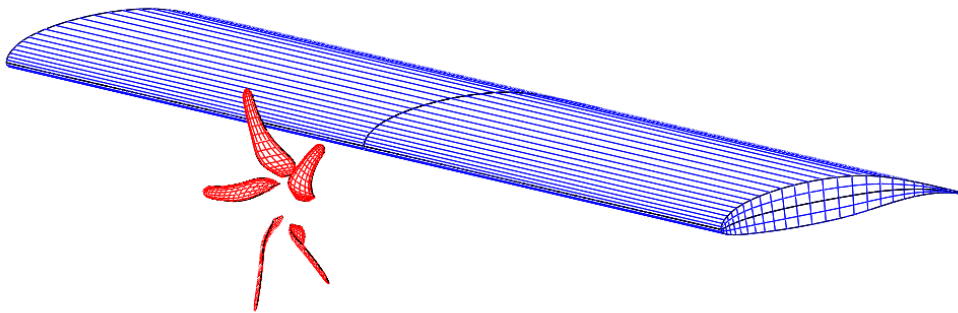


OpenVSP-to-CHARM Automation



Originally created by Alex Gary (Uber) and developed by Jason Welstead (NASA LaRC), the CHARM Automation tool makes it quick and easy to:

- 2. Enable broad parallelization of CHARM trade studies.
 - Runner utilities send multiple, single-case runs to processors.
 - Array-of-arrays defines the design space. Relatively unlimited.
 - OpenVSP model and CHARM inputs may be altered for exploration.
 - Create your own optimizations within the scripts themselves
 - Example: Genetic algorithms



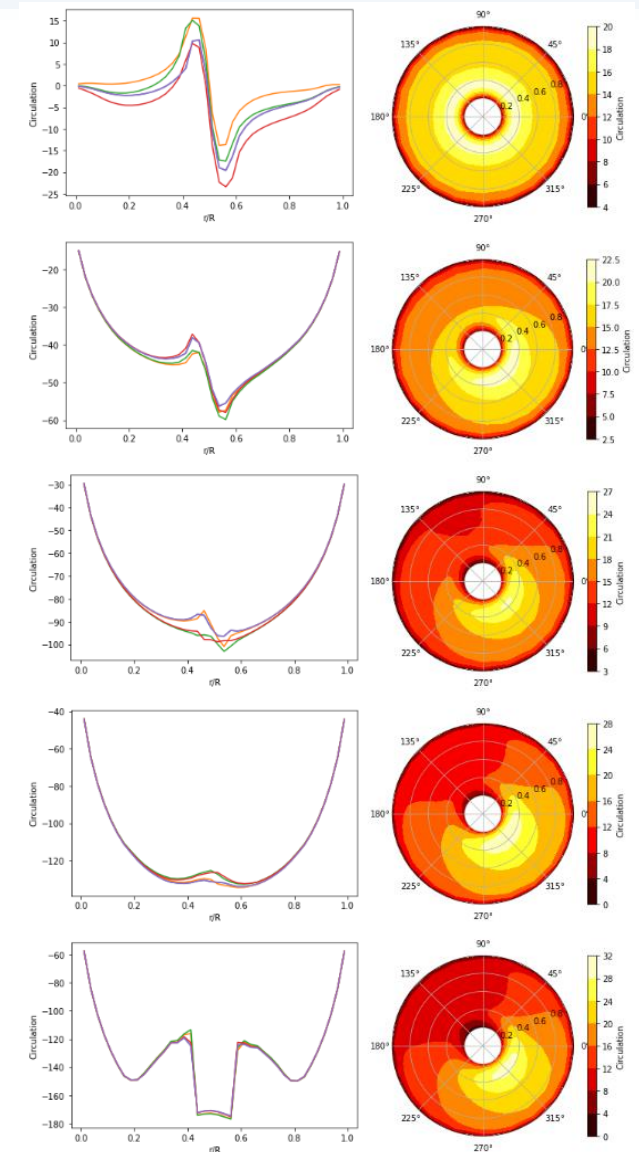
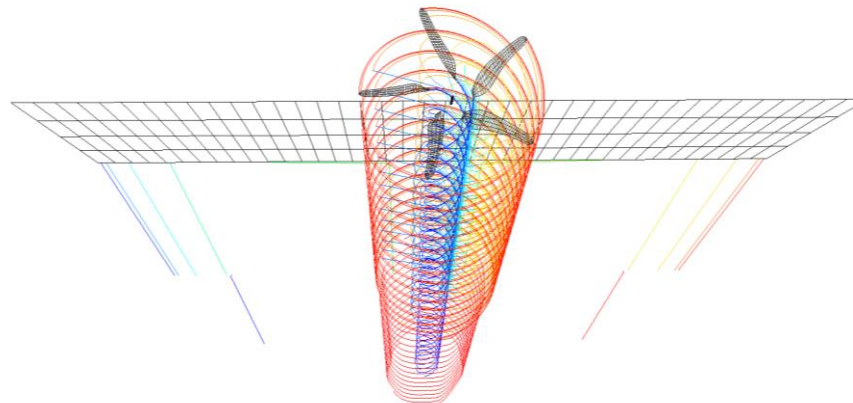
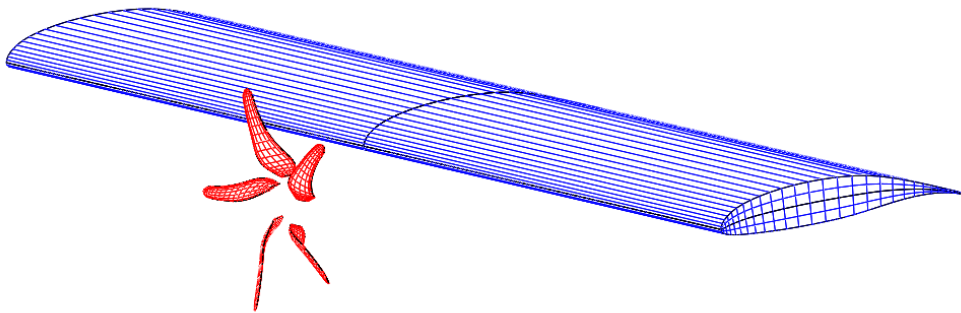
OpenVSP-to-CHARM Automation



Originally created by Alex Gary (Uber) and developed by Jason Welstead (NASA LaRC), the CHARM Automation tool makes it quick and easy to:

3. Post-process CHARM results:

- Assemble single or multiple runs into data structure for processing.
- Line and contour plots of rotor and wing variables.
- Aircraft, rotor, performance, pressure/velocity, force/moment data, etc.
- Examine and plot rotor performance results.



Requirements



- Active CHARM license(s) to run cases. Post-processing results does not require license.
- OpenVSP API and OpenVSP-to-CHARM Automation Python packages installed.
 - Both packages are distributed with OpenVSP.
- Examples in this presentation are assembled in Jupyter notebooks. Similar Integrated Development Environment (IDE) may be used.

OpenVSP/python/CHARM/charm/README.md

CHARM Automation Python Package (using Python 3.9)

Setup Instructions

1. Follow the installation instructions in README.md located in the `python` directory of the OpenVSP distribution. You will know you are in the correct location if you see the files `environment.yml`, `requirements-dev.txt`, and `requirements-uninstall.txt`. A link to these instructions can be found in the section below.

NOTE: `...` in a directory path refers to the `python` directory location.

2. After completing Step 1, navigate to

```
.../charm/charm/charm_fortran_utilities
```

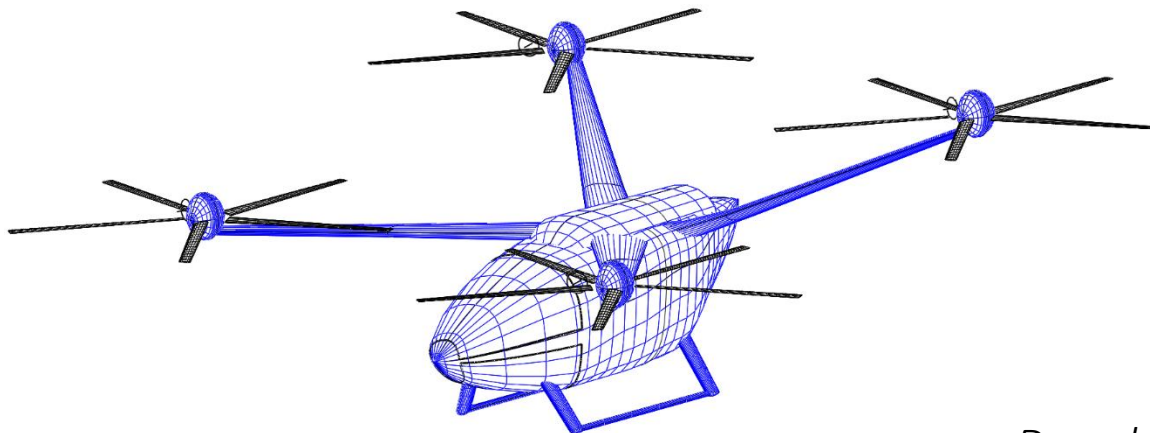
OpenVSP Model Setup



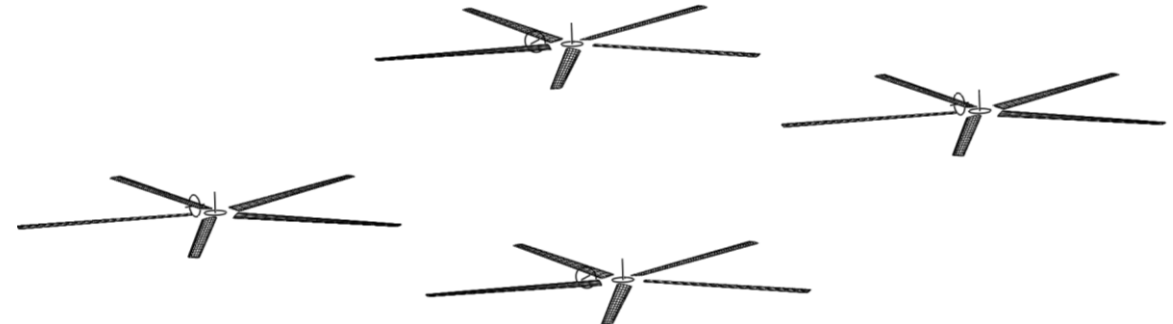
- Choose components and place in separate Set. Recommend “CHARM” set.
 - Structural or non-lifting/thrusting components are generally excluded.
 - Best practice to reduce sectional resolution as low as feasible for wings/rotors.
- Save the model when complete to update VSP3 file.

Example: 6-pax Quadrotor UAM Reference Vehicle (quadcoilflap.vsp3)

OpenVSP Outer Mold Line



OpenVSP CHARM Set



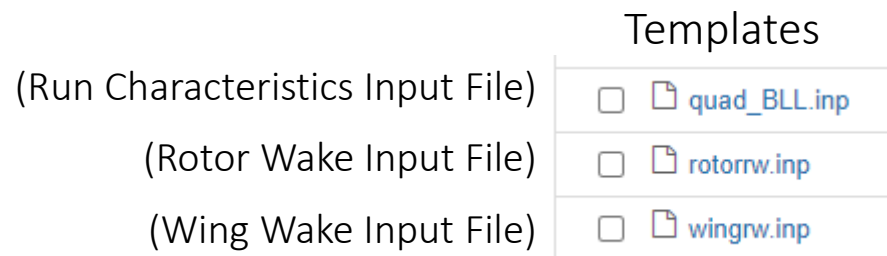
Download NASA UAM reference vehicles: <https://sacd.larc.nasa.gov/uam>

Building Default Rotor/Wing Objects



- Input automation builds default CHARM objects in Python from template files and the OpenVSP geometry.
 - `charm.build_default_rotor_settings()`
 - `charm.build_default_wing_settings()`

- Example rotor input files generated for quadrotor case.



CHARM Input Automation

- `Rotor-1-Blades_000_000rw.inp`
- `Rotor-1-Blades_000af.inp`
- `Rotor-1-Blades_000bd.inp`
- `Rotor-1-Blades_000bg.inp`
- `Rotor-2-Blades_001_000rw.inp`
- `Rotor-2-Blades_001af.inp`
- `Rotor-2-Blades_001bd.inp`
- `Rotor-2-Blades_001bg.inp`
- `Rotor-3-Blades_002_000rw.inp`
- `Rotor-3-Blades_002af.inp`
- `Rotor-3-Blades_002bd.inp`
- `Rotor-3-Blades_002bg.inp`
- `Rotor-4-Blades_003_000rw.inp`
- `Rotor-4-Blades_003af.inp`
- `Rotor-4-Blades_003bd.inp`
- `Rotor-4-Blades_003bg.inp`

Templates may be included with CHARM or in the `/charm/test/` folder from automation.

Modifying Rotor/Wing Objects



Settings may be altered for all rotors and wings, paired symmetric copies of rotors and wings, or individual instances of rotors or wings.

```
rotor_rw = []
with open(os.path.join(path, base_directory, templates_directory, rotor_rw_filename), "r") as f:
    rotor_rw=f.readlines()

rotor_settings = charm.build_default_rotor_settings(degen_mgr=degen_mgr,
                                                    default_rpm=prop_rpm,
                                                    default_template=rotor_rw)

rotor_settings.icoll = 0 # 0 = fixed, 1 = varied to target CT
rotor_settings.initial_collective = prop_collective
rotor_settings.rpm = prop_rpm
prop_ct = src.ct(thrust_lb=800.0,
                 dens_alt_ft=0.0,
                 rpm=prop_rpm,
                 radius_ft=prop_diam_ft/2)

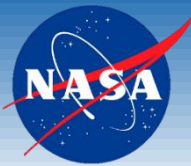
#print(prop_ct)
rotor_settings.ct = prop_ct
rotor_settings.nchord = 4
rotor_settings.nspan_override = 40 # to reduce the nspan 100 setting.
```

Read and build defaults

Simple Rotor
Calculation package

Alter default rotor settings

Running Cases



- Single case may be run, if desired, however...
- Parallel submission of multiple cases enables rapid explorations.
 - Perform sweeps of flight conditions or configurations.
 - Alter the OpenVSP geometry parameters and examine the design space.
- Runner utilities assemble the variables and execute functions.
 - Leverages array-of-array format of inputs.
 - Full Factorial, Random, and Latin Hypercube available.
 - Or program your own algorithms.
- Multiple cases take the same time as one to complete.
 - Processors are each running a single case.
 - HPC clusters enable *massive* parallelization of these studies/optimizations.

```
1 alphas=np.arange(0,10.1,5) # se
2
3 print(alphas)
4 ff=FullFactorial((alphas,)) #o
5 ff.cases
6 ff.run(f=mycharmrun,nCores=4)
```

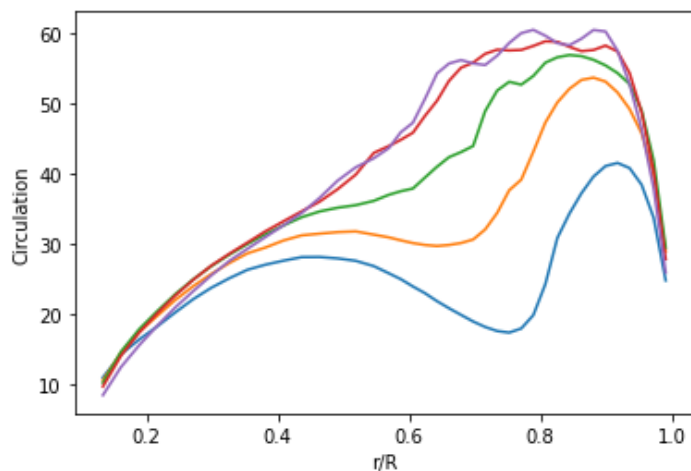
```
[ 0.  5. 10.]
Running case quad_v001_alpha05
Running case quad_v001_alpha10
```

Visualizing Run Data



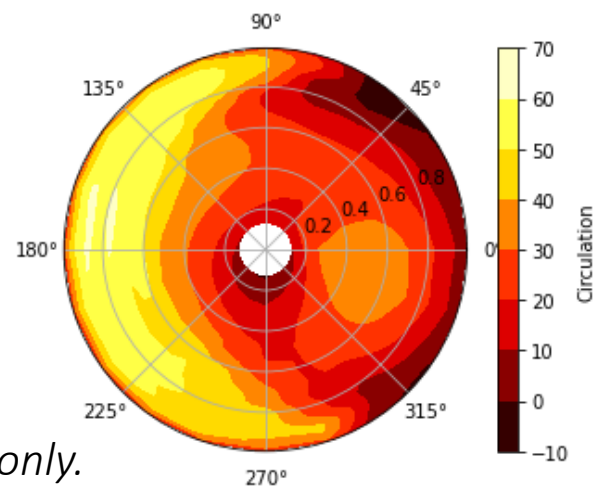
- Line and contour plots may be generated for any run case.
 - The cases may be from any CHARM run, not just the automation.
 - `line_plot()` and `polar_plot()` functions or create your own.
 - Multiple plots may be generated at once for comparison.

```
1 # create line plot of performance data for rotor
2 # check hlp.inp for which surface is rotors N, here FR rotor = 1.
3 for i in range(len(results)):
4     results[i].perf_data.line_plot(rotors=[1],
5                                   revolutions=-1,
6                                   variable='Circulation',
7                                   npsi=[1,2,3,4,5],
8                                   )
```



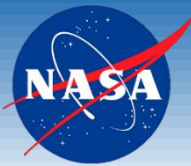
For demonstration only.

```
1 # use cmap for colormap option
2 # use vmin and vmax to set contour limits
3 for i in range(len(results)):
4     results[i].perf_data.polar_plot(rotor=1,
5                                     revolution=-1,
6                                     variable='Circulation',
7                                     cmap='hot',
8                                     #vmin = -20,
9                                     #vmax = 60,
10                                    )
```



Line and contour plots follow matplotlib kwargs.

Visualizing Run Data



- Rotor data shown is one example of the available data from a CHARM run.
- Some rotor results exist as Pandas DataFrame “row_data” that may be queried for post-processing and visualization. Over 20 variables available for comparison in this data alone.
- Refer to the CHARM Automation User Guide (HTML) documentation on Output Workflow.
 - [.../charm/doc/html/userguide.html#output-workflow](#)

Row Data Variables

rotor	revolution	psi_ind	psi	x=r/R	dx	dCT/dx	dCQI/dx	dCQP/dx	X-force
CL2D	CD2D	CM2D	AOA2D	MACH2D	U-radial	V-aft	W-down	W-induced	Circulation

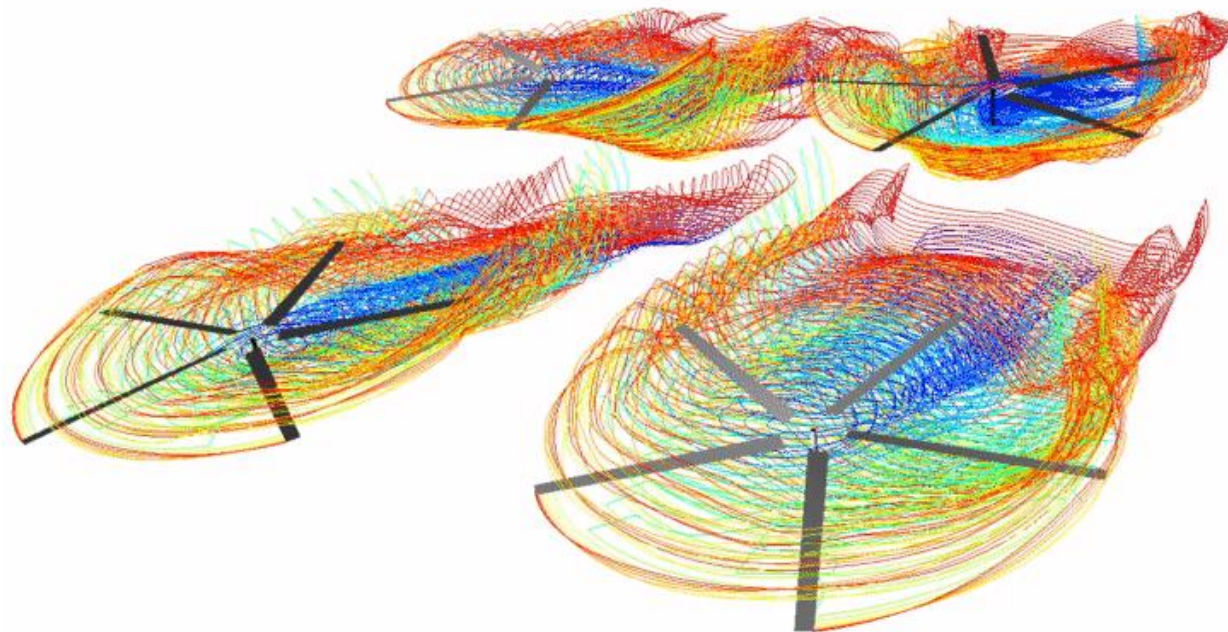
Visualizing Run Data



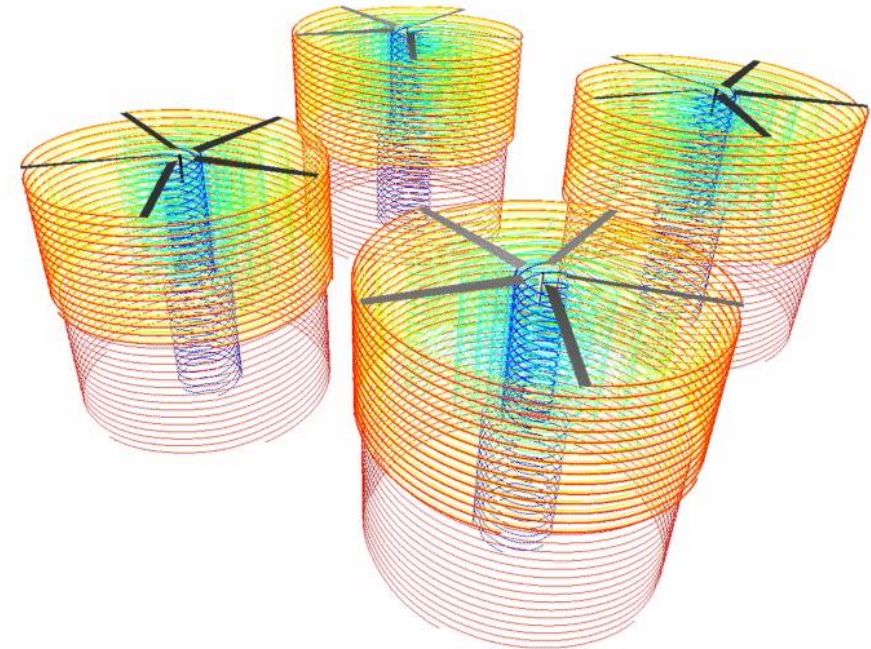
- Vortex-X Visualization Code

- Generate *.sgp and *.sgp.graphics visualization files with “runv6p <path> <casename>”

50 ft/s Forward Speed Case w/ Free Wakes



Hover Case w/ Fixed Wakes





Thank you!

Questions?

Demonstration to follow...

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